



# Motional Robotaxi First Responder Interaction Plan

Hyundai IONIQ 5 Robotaxi

For Use in California

# Introduction

The purpose of this document is to provide first responders with information needed to safely interact with a Hyundai IONIQ 5 electric vehicle outfitted with a Motional Automated Driving System (ADS).

This guide is meant for first responders to identify a Motional ADS-equipped IONIQ 5, safely disengage the autonomous system, and understand important safety considerations.

This guide includes the full *Hyundai IONIQ 5 Electric Emergency Response Guide*. It is meant for first responders with sufficient background in responding to emergency situations.



# Emergency Contact Information

The first point of contact for all vehicle-related incidents will be the vehicle operators present inside each Motional vehicle, if applicable. If a Motional vehicle is operating in driverless mode with no vehicle operator or in the event that a vehicle operator is not able to act as the Motional point of contact, first responders should contact Motional's local fleet support managers:

## Los Angeles, CA

Tatiana K.: (775) 298-6098

Joseph B.: (725) 245-1367

If possible, please provide the Motional vehicle identification license plate and location when calling the contact numbers listed. This will help our response personnel to quickly respond to the vehicle and provide additional assistance.

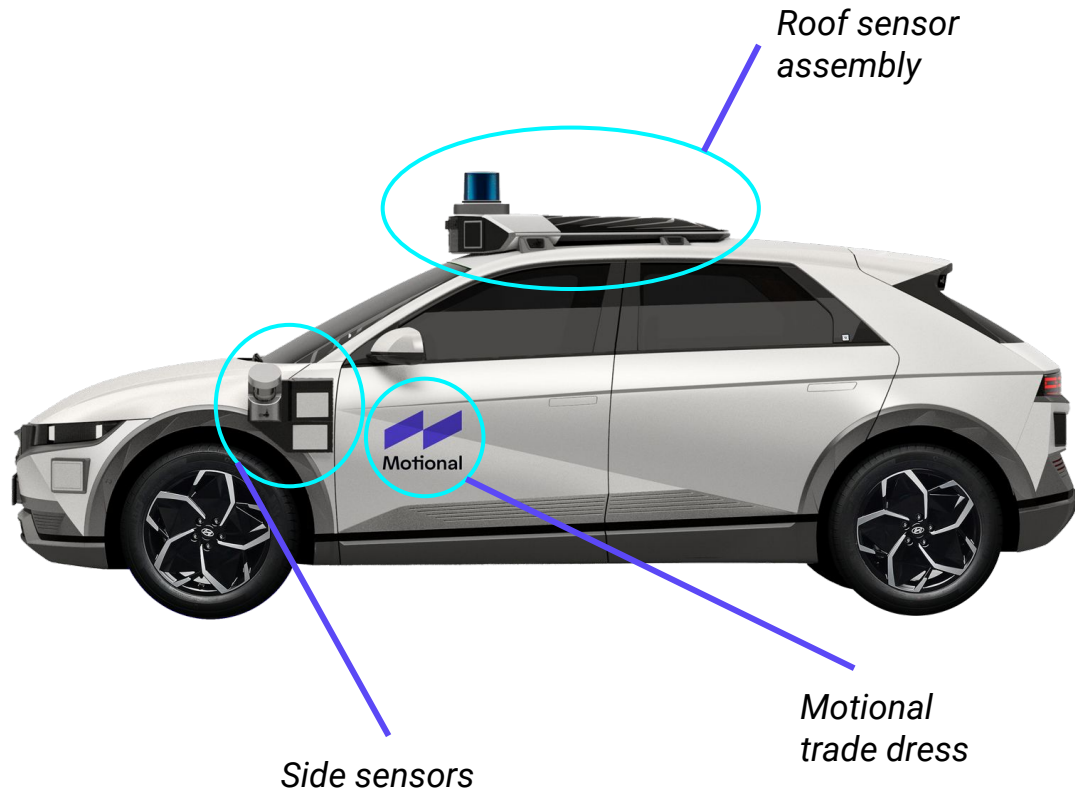


# Motional Vehicle Identification

The Motional autonomous vehicle (AV) is a modified Hyundai IONIQ 5 Electric vehicle.

AVs are easily distinguished from typical vehicles by the addition of sensors on top of the vehicle and on its sides.

Some vehicles are also identified by "Motional" decals on both sides of the vehicle. Individual vehicles are identified by license plate(s) and other jurisdiction-specific identifiers, such as "Self-Driving Vehicle" decals.



# Vehicle Registration, Owner Information, and Insurance

Vehicle registration, owner information, and proof of insurance are located on the underside of the driver side visor.



# Autonomous Vehicle Capabilities

## Overview

The Motion Automated Driving System (ADS) is capable of controlling the steering, throttle, and brake, as well as various other vehicle functions while operating within designated, pre-mapped areas.

## Modes of Operation

When the Motion Automated Driving System is generating control inputs to the vehicle without manual input, the vehicle is said to be in autonomous (auto) mode.

When the Motion Automated Driving System is disengaged, the vehicle can be driven normally in conventional mode.



# Autonomous Vehicle Capabilities

## **Level of Automation**

The Motional vehicle, when operating driverlessly, is capable of handling the complete driving process with no expectation of human intervention within its operating area (usually called the Operational Design Domain or ODD).

The Motional vehicle is classified as a Level 4 automated driving system under the SAE International Taxonomy and Definitions for Terms Related to Driving Automation Systems for On-Road Motor Vehicles.

## **Safe Stops and Redundancies**

The Motional vehicle is designed to be able to pull over and come to a safe stop as needed if the vehicle detects a situation or environment that falls outside of its Operational Design Domain.

The Motional vehicle maintains redundant components for all critical systems and continually checks for faults to ensure our passengers and other road users are safe.



# Operational Design Domain

## Geographic Operating Area

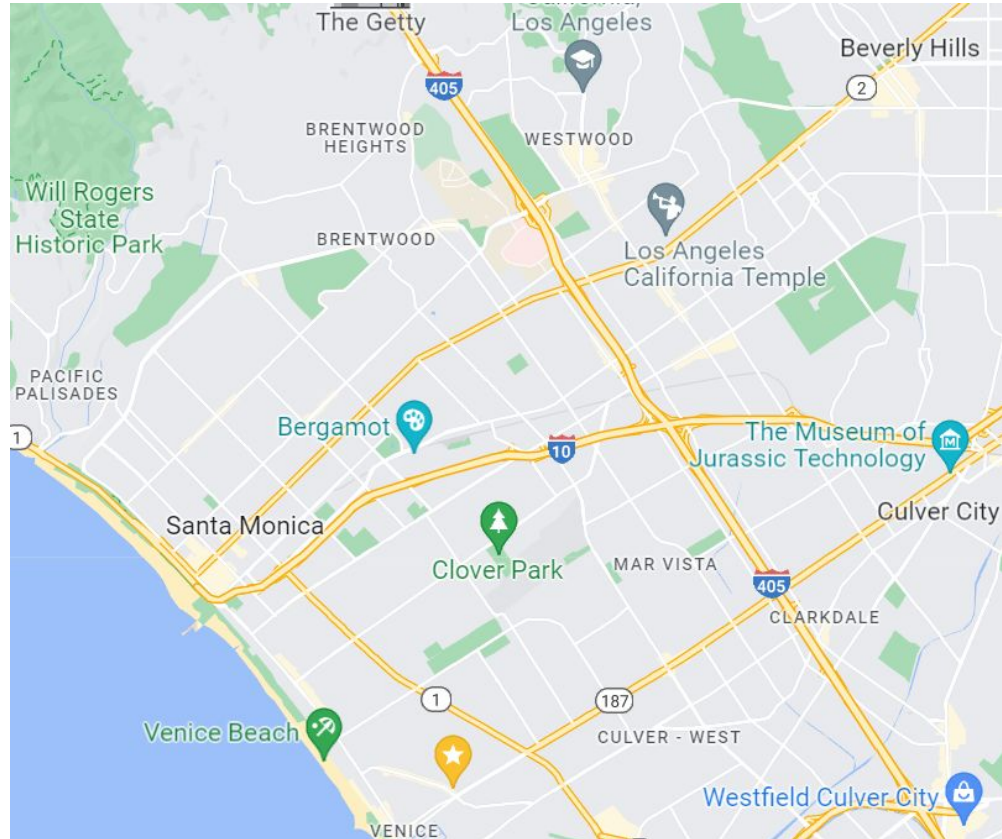
Motional's geographic operational domain will include geofenced areas within the Cities of Santa Monica, Los Angeles, and Beverly Hills. Testing will occur within the map area shown at right.

## Operational Hours

The Motional vehicle may operate at all hours of the day.

## Weather Conditions

The Motional vehicle may operate in weather conditions including perfect weather, fair weather, and light rain.





# Operational Design Domain

## **Vehicle Operating Speeds**

The Motional vehicle will operate at a maximum speed of 45 mph.

## **Road Types the Motional Vehicle May Travel Upon**

The Motional vehicle may operate on undivided roads, divided roads, bi-directional roads, one-way roads, and roads with or without on street parking. The Motional vehicle may operate in certain parking lots, driveways, and other designated pick-up/drop-off areas.

The Motional vehicle's intended operational design domain excludes freeways and streets or highways with speed limits above 45 mph.



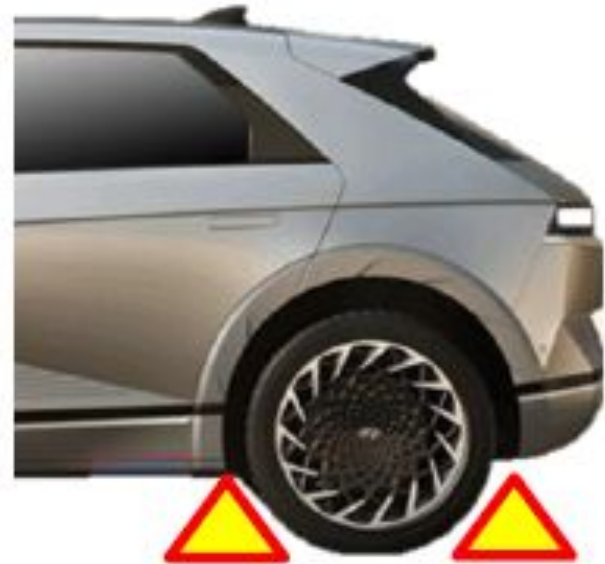
# Disengaging the Motional Automated Driving System



# Step 1: Immobilize the Vehicle

- Approach the vehicle from the sides and avoid the front or rear.
- Chock the wheels to prevent any accidental movement that can endanger emergency response personnel and any crash victims.
- *Note: Because the vehicle is all electric, the vehicle can appear to be off because of the absence of engine noise.*

After the vehicle is immobilized, proceed to the following pages to disengage autonomous mode.



Chock the Wheels



*This page contains excerpts from the Hyundai IONIQ 5 Electric Emergency Response Guide. Equipping the vehicle with the Motional ADS does not affect this information.*

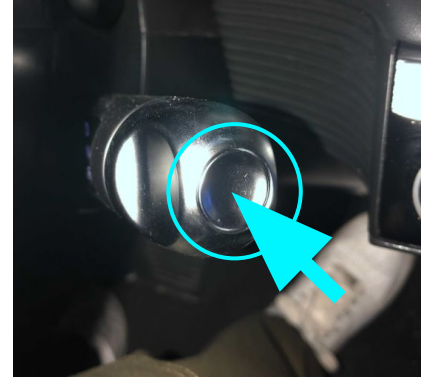
## Step 2: Enter the Vehicle

- Approach the vehicle from the sides after the wheels have been chocked.
- If a vehicle operator is within the Motional vehicle, they can ensure the doors are unlocked and provide access to the vehicle interior.
- If the Motional vehicle does not contain a vehicle operator or that individual is unable to provide access to the vehicle, attempt to open the vehicle door to determine if it is unlocked.
- If the vehicle is locked, and time is of the essence, smash the passenger side window, clear all glass around the window frame, and unlock the vehicle using the unlock button on the door panel. If the need to enter the vehicle is not urgent, please call the number(s) listed at the front of this guide to coordinate with a Motional vehicle recovery team to unlock the vehicle.
- Proceed to the driver side door and enter the driver's seat.



# Step 3: Ensure the Vehicle is in Park

- Upon entering the vehicle, the gear shift can be found attached to and behind the right side of the steering wheel.
- The vehicle is in park when the P is illuminated.
- To put the vehicle into park, push in on the button at the tip of the gear shift.
- The vehicle automatically turns on the parking brake when the vehicle is in park and any door is open. This is indicated by a red parking parking brake icon at the bottom left of the digital dashboard.
- To set the parking brake, push the button as shown in the bottom right photo. The button is located in the cluster left of the steering wheel.



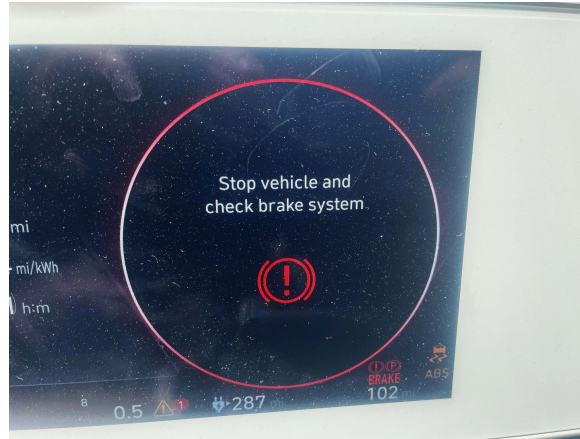
*This page contains excerpts from the Hyundai IONIQ 5 Electric Emergency Response Guide. Equipping the vehicle with the Motional ADS does not affect this information.*

# Step 4: Disengage Autonomous Mode and Verify Autonomous Mode is Disengaged

Press  
Down  
on Red  
Button



Autonomous mode can be disengaged by pressing down on the red button in between the driver and passenger seating areas.



Check Electrical Error will display on dash

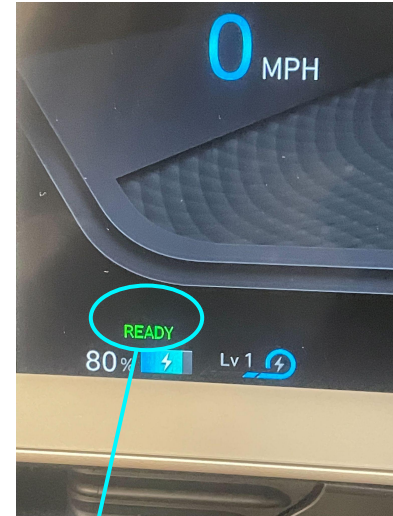


Autonomous Mode is disengaged when this icon located on the main display is no longer showing.



## Step 5: Turn the Vehicle Off

- Turn the vehicle off by pressing the ignition button, located to the right of the steering wheel.
- If the EV Start / Stop light is illuminated on the dashboard, the vehicle is **ON**.
- If the READY light is **NOT** illuminated, the vehicle is off.



*In the event that the ignition switch does not turn off the vehicle, disconnect the negative 12V battery cable located under the hood on the passenger side of the vehicle to prevent any risk that the vehicle could be accidentally restarted. See the IONIQ5 Electric Emergency Response Guide for details.*



# IONIQ 5 Electric Emergency Response Guide



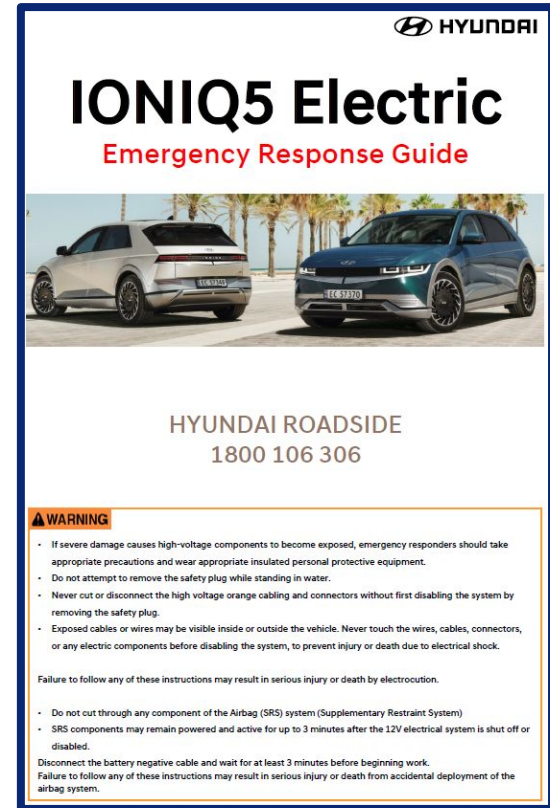


# How to Use the IONIQ5 Electric Emergency Response Guide

## IONIQ5 Electric Emergency Response Guide

The IONIQ5 Electric Emergency Response Guide contains pertinent details related to safely operating with a disabled IONIQ5 vehicle, regardless of whether it is equipped with a Motional Automated Driving System (ADS). Please refer to this guide for details related to:

- Immobilization / stabilization / lifting
- Disabling direct hazards / safety regulations
- Access to vehicle occupants
- Stored energy / liquid / gases / solids
- Steps to take in case of fire
- Steps to take in case of submersion
- Towing / transportation / storage
- Important additional information



# IONIQ5 Electric

## Emergency Response Guide



HYUNDAI ROADSIDE  
1800 106 306

### **⚠️ WARNING**

- If severe damage causes high-voltage components to become exposed, emergency responders should take appropriate precautions and wear appropriate insulated personal protective equipment.
- Do not attempt to remove the safety plug while standing in water.
- Never cut or disconnect the high voltage orange cabling and connectors without first disabling the system by removing the safety plug.
- Exposed cables or wires may be visible inside or outside the vehicle. Never touch the wires, cables, connectors, or any electric components before disabling the system, to prevent injury or death due to electrical shock.

Failure to follow any of these instructions may result in serious injury or death by electrocution.

- Do not cut through any component of the Airbag (SRS) system (Supplementary Restraint System)
- SRS components may remain powered and active for up to 3 minutes after the 12V electrical system is shut off or disabled.

Disconnect the battery negative cable and wait for at least 3 minutes before beginning work.

Failure to follow any of these instructions may result in serious injury or death from accidental deployment of the airbag system.

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# 1. Identification / recognition

## Initial Response: Identify, Immobilize and Disable

The following procedures should be used whenever you are dealing with a IONIQ 5 at an emergency scene. However, all operations should be consistent with your department's standard operating procedures, guidelines, and any applicable laws. When an EV is damaged in a crash, the high voltage safety systems may have been compromised and present a potential high voltage electrical shock hazard. Exercise caution and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) safety gear, including high voltage safety gloves and boots. Remove all metallic jewelry, including watches and rings.

### Identify

The IONIQ 5 is an electric vehicle. Emergency responders should respond to emergency scenarios involving the IONIQ 5 accordingly, exercising extreme care and caution to avoid contact with the high voltage system within the vehicle.

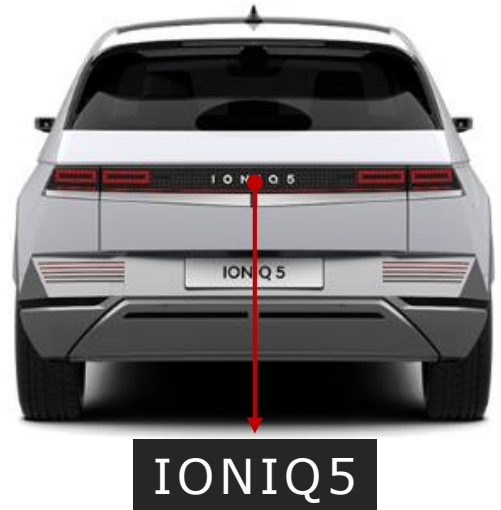


# 1. Identification / recognition

## 1.1 Identifying a HYUNDAI IONIQ 5

### “IONIQ 5” on tail gate

- The HYUNDAI IONIQ 5 can be easily identified by the Exterior design and IONIQ 5 logo on the tail gate.
- The IONIQ 5 logo may be missing or hidden after a crash due to damage to the vehicle. Always be sure to utilize additional methods of identification before determining that the vehicle is not an electric car.



### Charging Port

- The charging port is located on the rear right side.

#Note : The doors must be un-locked to open the charge port door.

### How to open the charging port



Push the charging door where the icon is located to open

### Unlock charging door in emergency



Put your finger between the charge door and the vehicle body and then lift the charge door.

# 1. Identification / recognition

## 1.1 Identifying a HYUNDAI IONIQ 5

### VIN Label

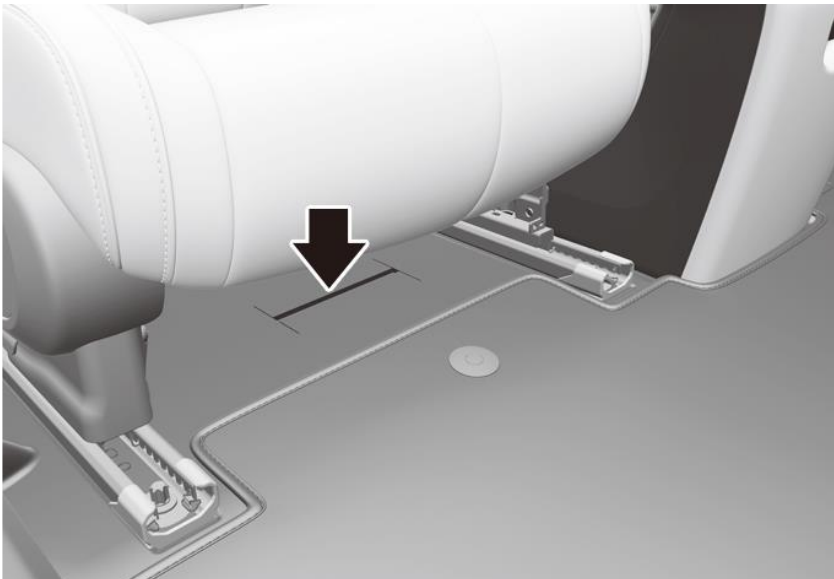
The VIN (Vehicle Identification Number) identifies an electric car with a “A” or “B” or “C” or “D” displayed in the 8th position, as shown in the below picture.

The VIN can be found:

- 1) Underneath the front driver seat.
- 2) On the vehicle certification label attached to the passenger side center pillar.

XXXXXXXX**A/B/C/D**XXXXXX

← 8th position



# 1. Identification / recognition

## 1.1 Identifying a HYUNDAI IONIQ 5

### Motor Compartment and underside

IONIQ 5 has a plastic cover with “EV” clearly shown on it and “IONIQ 5” on tail gate. Additionally, there are orange colored high-voltage electrical cables in the motor compartment and underside



## 2. Immobilization / stabilization / lifting

### 2.1 Immobilization

The next step is to immobilize the vehicle to prevent any accidental movement that can endanger response personnel or civilians. When the IONIQ 5 is damaged in a crash, the vehicle may appear to be shut off when it is not due to no engine sounds.

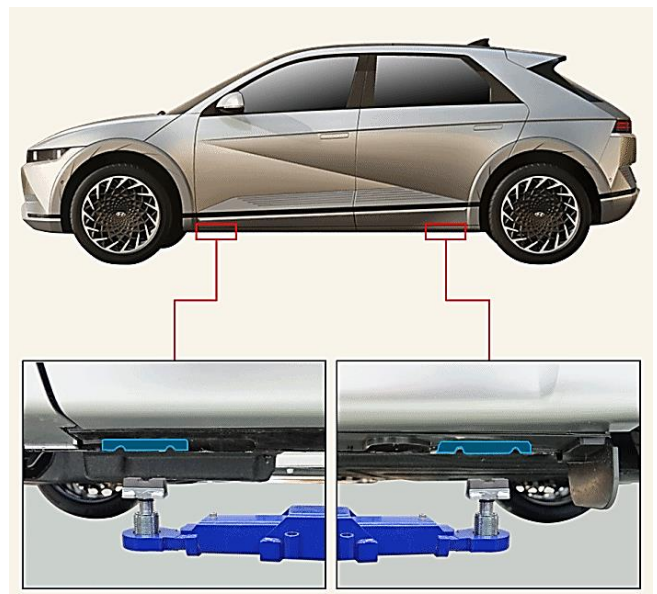
When the "READY" mode light is illuminated on the Instrument Panel, the vehicle can move silently using the electric motor. Responders should approach the vehicle from the sides and stay away from the front or rear as they are potential paths for vehicle movement. Be sure to immobilize the vehicle in the following manner.



\* The actual image of vehicle may differ from the illustration

### 2.2 Vehicle Stabilization

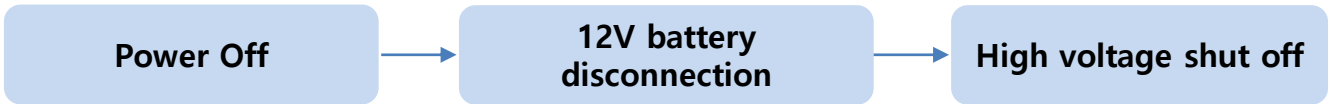
Use standard stabilization (lift) points, as shown beside. Always be sure to connect to a structural member of the vehicle and avoid placing cribbing under high voltage cables, and other areas not normally considered acceptable.






## 3. Disable direct hazards / safety regulations

The final step in the initial response process, conducted after immobilizing the vehicle, is to disable the vehicle, its SRS components and the high voltage electrical system. To prevent current flow through the system, use the following procedure to disable the vehicle.

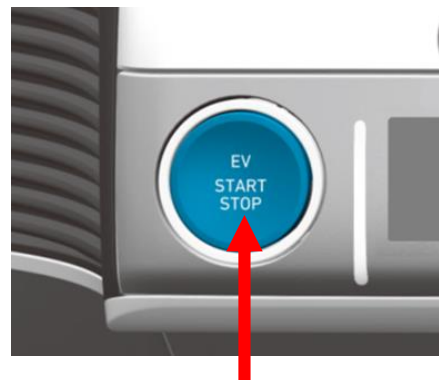


### 3.1 Disabling the System – Smart Key System and “POWER” START/STOP Button

1. Confirm the status of the READY light on the instrument panel. If the  READY light is illuminated, the vehicle is ON.
  - a) If the READY light is NOT illuminated, the vehicle is off. Do not push the “POWER” START/STOP button because the vehicle may start (go into READY mode).
  - b) To turn OFF the system, press the 'P' (Park) button, and press the POWER button.



**Press park (P) position**



**“POWER” START/STOP Button**

## 3. Disable direct hazards / safety regulations

### Without depressing the brake pedal

Pressing POWER button	Button Position/LED	Vehicle condition
One time	ACC/ON	Electrical accessories are operational.
Two times	ON/ON	The warning lights can be checked before the vehicle is started.
Three times	OFF	Off

### While depressing the brake pedal

Pressing POWER button	Button Position/LED	Vehicle condition
One time	-	Ready to drive

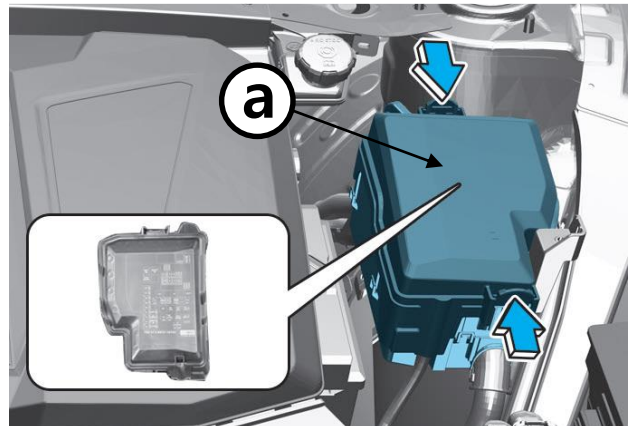
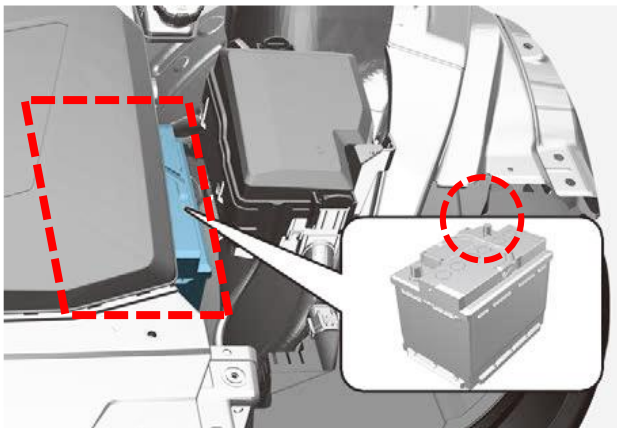
2. If necessary, lower the windows, unlock the doors and open the tail gate as required, before disconnecting the 12V battery. Once the 12V battery is disconnected, power controls will not operate. (Refer to below “4. a)” for 12V battery disconnection)

3. Before disconnecting the 12V battery, remove the Smart Key at least 2 meters away from the vehicle to prevent accidental restart.

4. Follow the procedure below to disable the high voltage battery:

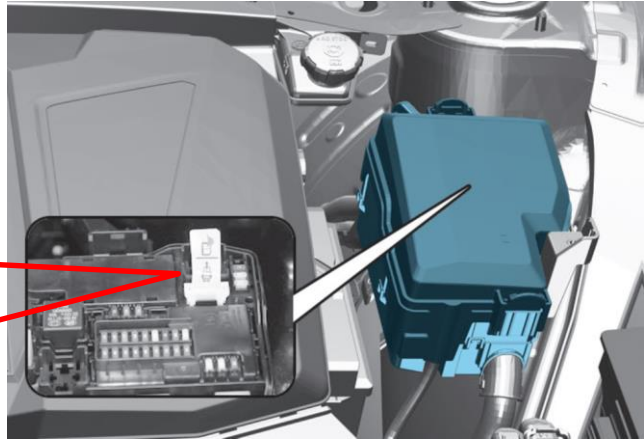
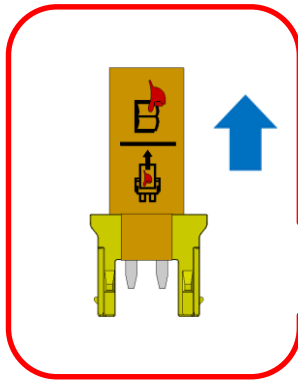
a) Disconnect the 12V auxiliary battery negative (-) terminal.

b) Remove the Junction block upper cover **a** in the PE room



### 3. Disable direct hazards / safety regulations

c) Disconnect the High voltage cut-off Switch



High voltage cut-off Switch

#### CAUTION Electrocutation Risk

- *Before engaging in any emergency response procedures, ensure the vehicle is disabled and wait 5 minutes to allow the capacitor in the high voltage system to discharge to avoid electrocution.*
- *Exposed cables or wires may be visible inside or outside the vehicle. Never touch the metal chassis wires, cables, connectors, or any electric components before disabling the system, and/or shorted to the vehicle chassis.*

*Failure to follow these instructions will lead to serious bodily injury or death by electrocution.*

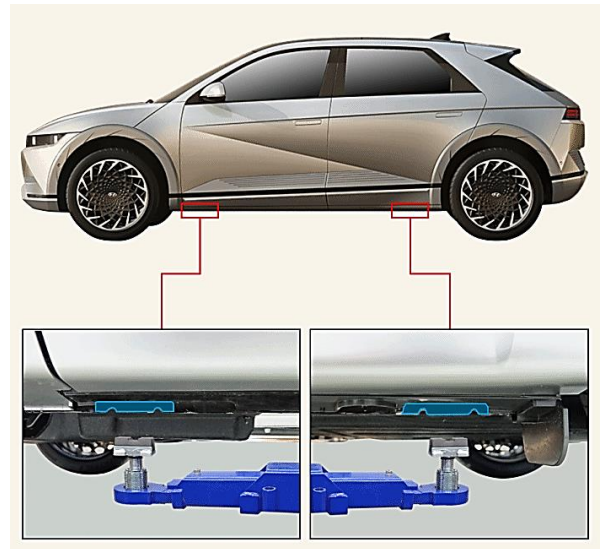
## 4. Access to the occupants

### 4.1 Extraction Operations

The IONIQ 5 is an electric model. Because of the high voltage components contained therein, first responders should pay special attention when they extract occupants in the car. Before performing any extraction operations, the first responders should "Identify, Immobilize and Disable" the vehicle as discussed in sections on emergency procedures.

### 4.2 Vehicle Stabilization

Use standard stabilization (lift) points, as shown beside. Always be sure to connect to a structural member of the vehicle and avoid placing cribbing under high voltage cables, and other areas not normally considered acceptable.



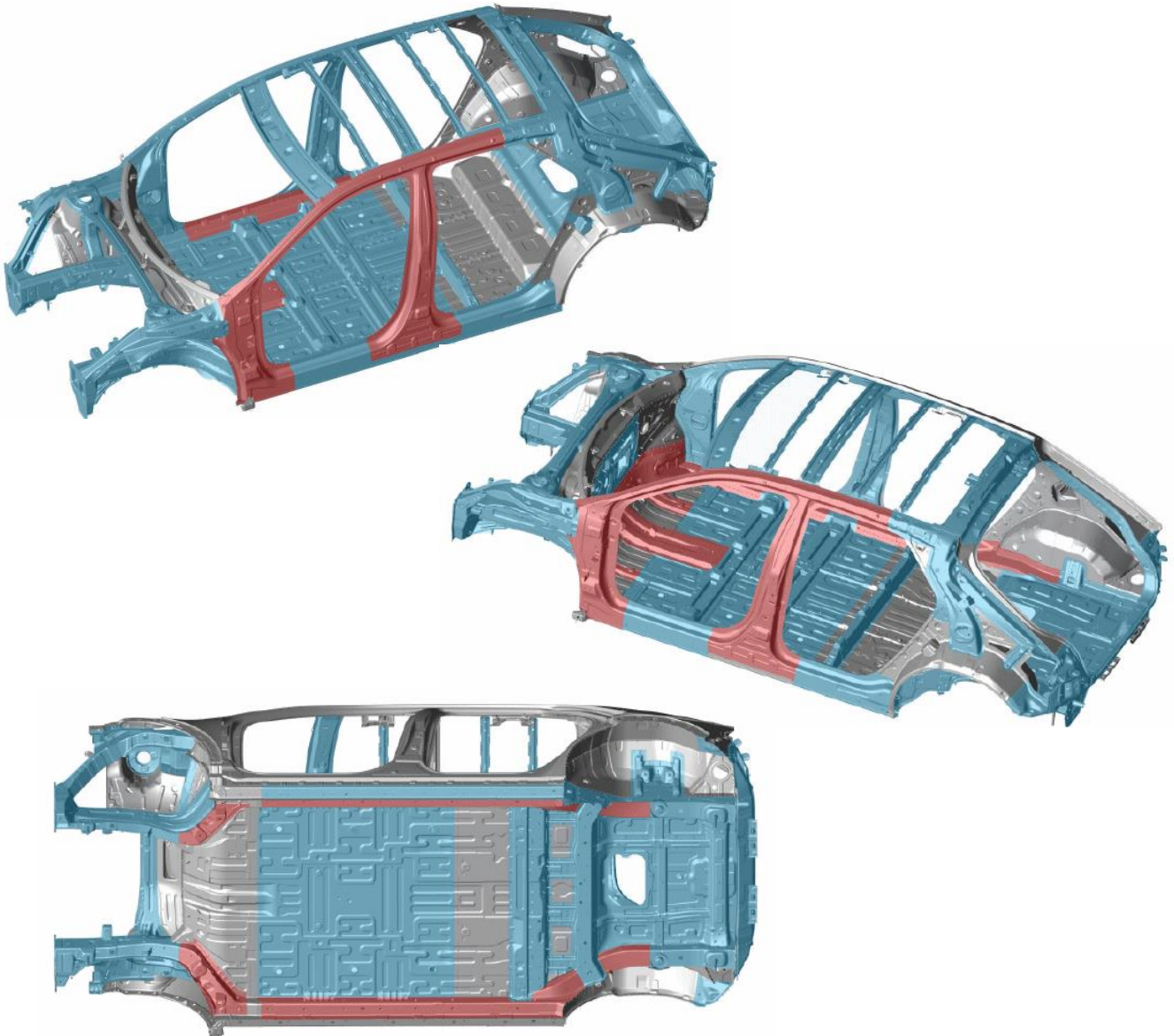
### 4.3 Extraction tools and procedure

When responding to an incident involving a IONIQ 5, we recommend that the first responders follow their organization's standard operating procedures for dealing with vehicle emergencies. When the first responders cut the vehicle, they should always pay special attention to the airbag system, orange colored high voltage cables and other high voltage components so that the parts are not damaged and to prevent a risk of explosion.

## 4. Access to the occupants

### 4.4 Location of ultra-high strength steel

In these images, high strength steel is used in the areas colored in blue and ultra-high strength steel is used in the red colored areas. Depending on the tools used, ultra high strength steel can be challenging or impossible to cut. If necessary, use a workaround technique.

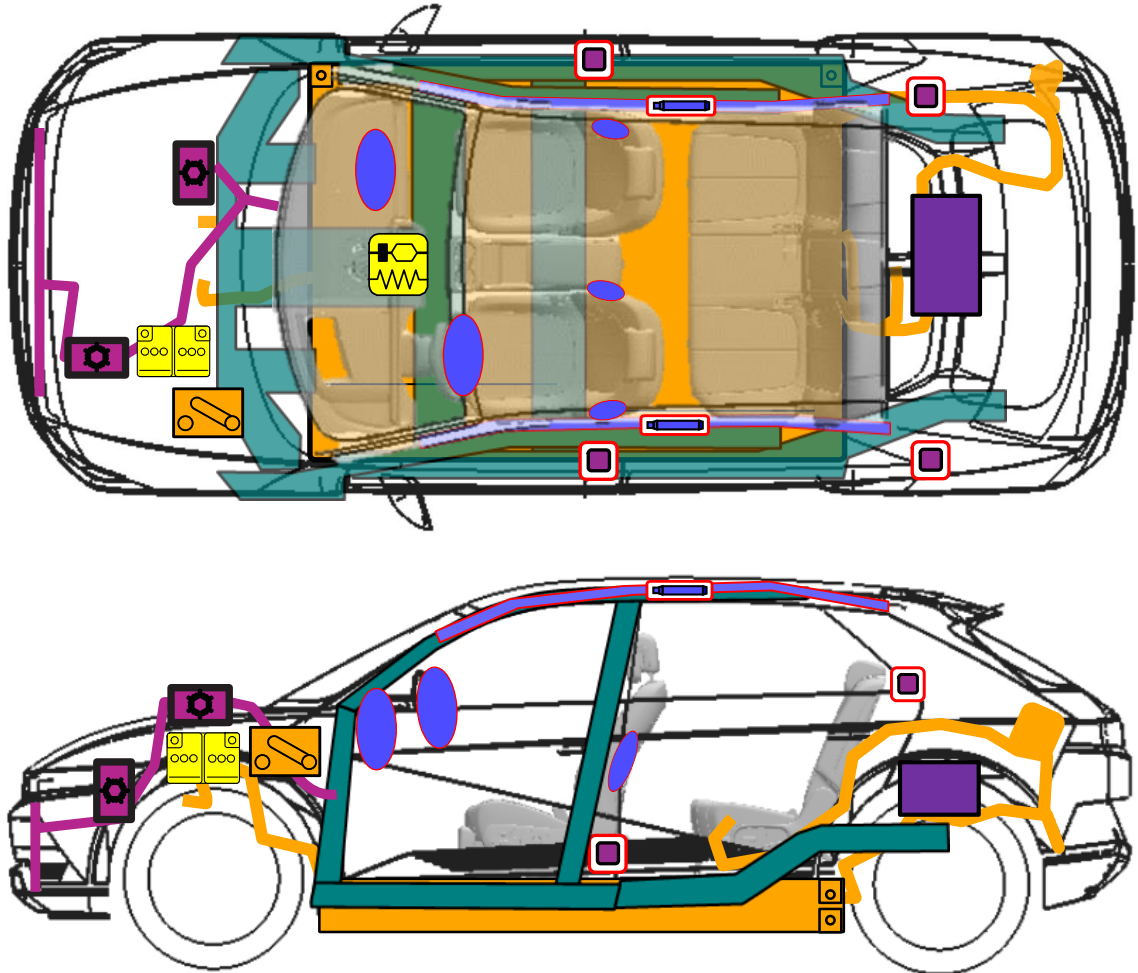














- Mild steel
- High strength steel
- Ultra-high strength steel

# 4. Access to the occupants

## 4.5 Occupants rescue guide

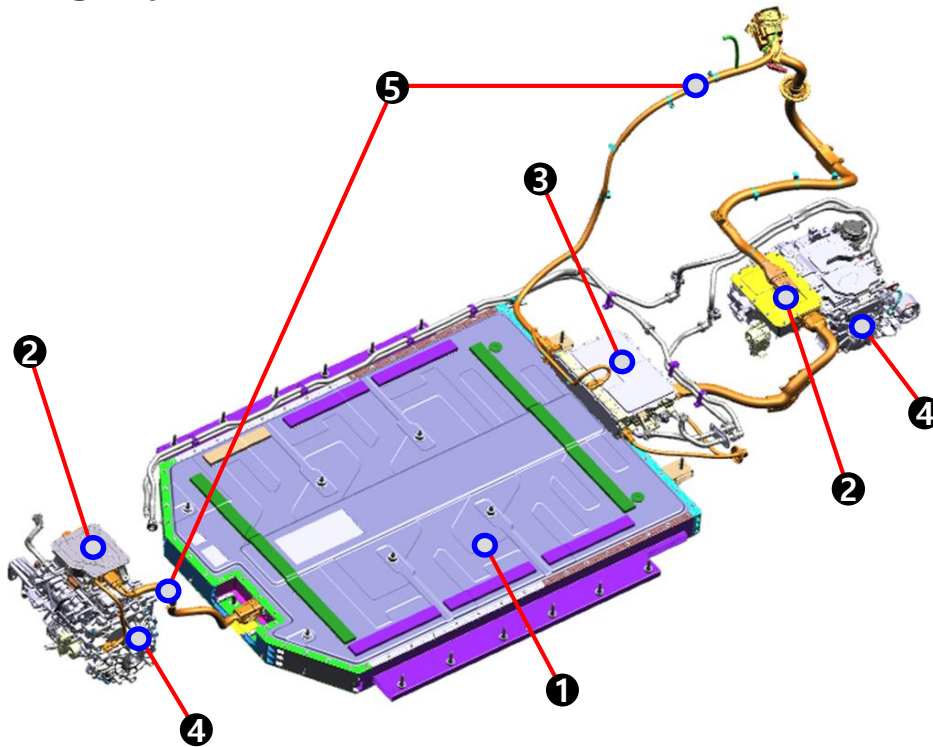
When dealing with the emergency situation, check the components as below.



 Supplemental Restraint System Control Module (SRSCM)	 Airbag	 Airbag Gas Inflators
 High voltage cable	 12V Battery	 Air-conditioning line
 High voltage disconnect	 OBC (On – Board Charger)	 Ultra-High Strength Steel
 High Voltage Battery	 Air-conditioning component	 Seat belt pretensioner

# 5. Stored energy / liquid / gases / solids

## 5.1 High voltage system



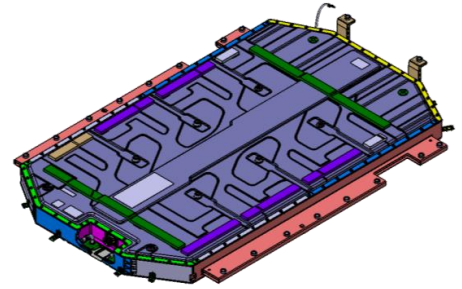
1	High voltage battery		Supplies electric energy to traction motor and stores generated electric energy.
2	High-voltage Junction box (FRT, RR)		It supplies electricity from battery to the inverter, LDC, air conditioner compressor, etc...
3	ICCU (OBC + LDC)		Integrated Charging Control Unit (OBC + LDC) OBC (On-Board Charger) : Battery charging equipment (AC→DC) LDC (Low Voltage DC-DC Converter) : Charge 12V auxiliary battery
4	Drive System	Motor	When current flows through the coil, it generates a rotating magnetic field and generates motor torque.
		EV Transmission	Increases Motor Torque and increased Torque is transferred to the wheels.
		Inverter	DC → AC (from battery to traction motor) AC → DC (charge using regenerative braking)
5	High-Voltage Cable		The high-voltage cabling is orange per the SAE standard.

## 5. Stored energy / liquid / gases / solids

### 5.1 High voltage system

#### High voltage battery

The HV Lithium ion polymer battery supplies and stores electric energy, to the traction motor, and is located under the IONIQ 5 chassis.



#### 12V auxiliary battery

The 12V auxiliary battery is located in the left side of the electric motor room, and powers all of the vehicle's standard electronics like radio, lights, door locks, power windows, etc.



#### ※ Specification

<b>Motor</b>	Type	Permanent magnet synchronous motor
	Max. Output (kW)	2WD : 70 4WD : 70+160
	Max Torque (Nm)	2WD : 255 4WD : 255+430
<b>ICCU</b>	Max. Output (kW)	11
<b>High Voltage Battery</b>	Type	Lithium-ion polymer
	Rated Voltage (V)	Extended : 653 Economical : 588
	Energy (kWh)	Extended : 72 Economical : 58
	Quantity for Pack (Cell / Module)	Extended : 360 cells / 30 modules Economical : 288 cells / 24 modules

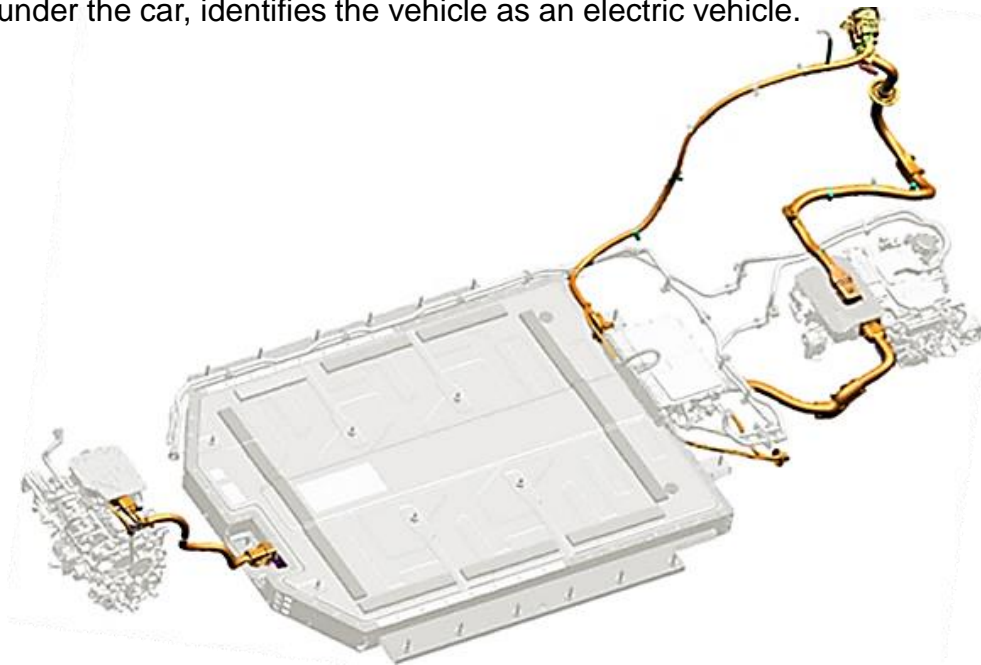


## 5. Stored energy / liquid / gases / solids

### 5.2 High voltage orange cabling

The High Voltage cabling is orange, per Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) standards. Cables run under the floor of the vehicle and connect the High Voltage Battery to the ICCU, Motor, OBC, A/C compressor and other High Voltage components located towards the front and rear of the vehicle.

The presence of orange cables under the hood, in the under-floor battery compartment, or HV cables under the car, identifies the vehicle as an electric vehicle.



#### CAUTION

- *Never cut or disconnect the high voltage orange cabling and connectors without first disabling the HV system. (refer to page 7).*
- *Exposed cables or wires may be visible inside or outside the vehicle. Never touch the metal chassis wires, cables, connectors, or any electric components before disabling the system, and; or shorted to the vehicle chassis.*

*Failure to follow these instructions will lead to serious bodily injury or death by electrical shock.*

## 6. In case of fire

### 6.1 Firefighting Operations

Strict precautions must be taken while conducting firefighting operations due to following Reasons:

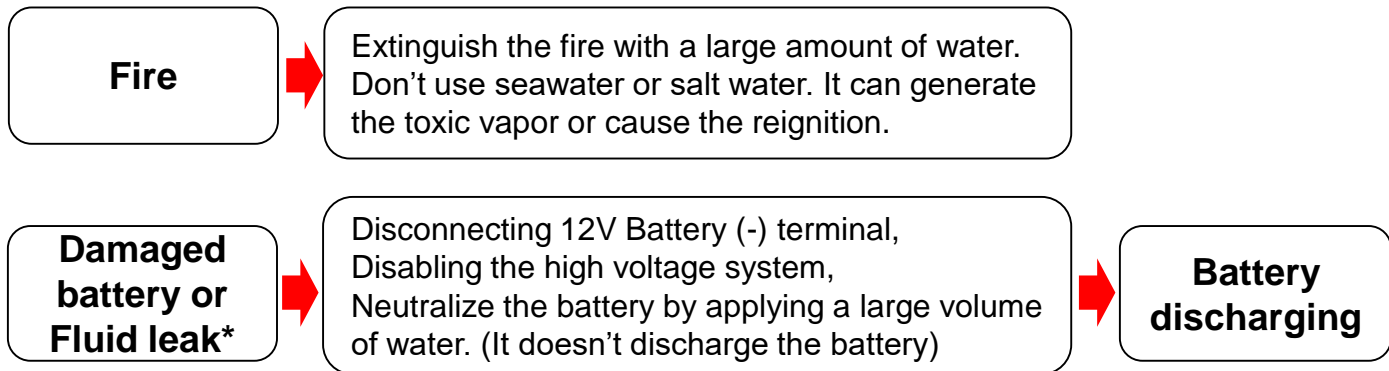
- Lithium-ion batteries contain electrolyte that can vent, ignite, and produce sparks when subjected to temperatures above 300°F.
- Vehicle may burn rapidly with a flare-burning effect.
- Even after the high-voltage battery fire appears to have been extinguished, renewed or delayed fire can occur.
  - Use a thermal imaging camera to ensure the high voltage battery is completely cooled before leaving the incident.
  - Always advise second responders that there is a risk of the battery re-igniting.
  - In a fire, submersion or a collision that has compromised the high voltage battery, always store it in an open area with no exposures within 15 metres.
- A burning battery could release hydrogen fluoride, carbon monoxide, and carbon dioxide gasses. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved full-face self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with full protective gear. Even if the high-voltage battery pack is not directly involved in a vehicle fire, approach the vehicle very carefully.

### 6.2 Extinguishers

- Small fires that do not involve the high voltage battery should be extinguished using an ABC fire extinguisher. (ex. Fire caused by wiring harnesses, electrical components, etc.)
- Do not attempt to extinguish fires that involve the high voltage battery with small amounts of water as this can result in electrocution. Fires that involve the high voltage battery should be extinguished using large amounts of water(Max 10,000 liter) to cool the high voltage battery. Fire fighters should not hesitate to pour larger amounts of water on the vehicle in such scenarios. Make sure the battery is fully cooled to avoid fire re-ignition.

## 6. In case of fire

### 6.3 How to deal with the situation



\*If electrolyte solution leakage, or any damage to the H.V battery casing is observed

#### 6.3.1 Vehicle fire

- Use a large volume of water (max. 10,000 liter). The water must cool down the battery.
- If water is put into the high voltage battery casing, it will be better to cool down the battery. (But never attempt to penetrate the HV battery or its casing to apply water.)



- Soaking the vehicle in a container filled with water can be an effective way to extinguish the fire.

## 6. In case of fire

### 6.3.2 High Voltage Battery Damage and Fluid Leaks

If electrolyte solution leakage, or any damage to the Lithium ion battery casing is observed, the first responders should attempt to neutralize the battery by applying a large volume of water to the battery pack while wearing appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). The neutralization process helps stabilize the thermal condition of the battery pack but does not discharge the battery.

- Do not put any smoke, spark, flame around the vehicle.
- Do not touch or step on the spilled electrolyte.
- If electrolyte leak occurs, wear appropriate solvent resistant PPE and use soil, sand, or a dry cloth to clean up the spilled electrolyte. Be sure to adequately ventilate the area.

#### **CAUTION** Electrolyte Irritation

*The high voltage battery contains electrolyte solution. To avoid exposure to electrolyte solution and serious personal injury, always wear appropriate solvent resistant PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) and SCBA (Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus).*

- *Electrolyte solution is an eye irritant – In the event of contact with eyes, rinse with plenty of water for 15 minutes.*
- *Electrolyte solution is a skin irritant. Therefore, in the event of contact with skin, wash off with a soap.*
- *Electrolyte liquid or fumes coming into contact with water will create vapors in the air from oxidization. These vapors may irritate skin and eyes. In the event of contact with vapors, rinse with plenty of water and consult a doctor immediately.*
- *Electrolyte fumes (when inhaled) can cause respiratory irritation and acute intoxication. Inhale fresh air and wash mouth with water. Consult a doctor immediately.*

## 6. In case of fire

### 6.4 High Voltage Battery re-ignition by stranded energy

Damaged cells in the high voltage battery can experience thermal runaway\* and reignition. To prevent reignition, the first responder and second responder need to be aware of the risk of stranded energy\* which remains in the damaged cells and lead to reignition.

\*Thermal runaway : The originating cause of thermal runaway is generally short-circuiting inside a battery cell and a resulting increase in the cell's internal temperature. Battery produces heat with thermal runaway and it can spread from one battery cell to many cells, in a domino effect.

\*Stranded energy : Energy remains inside any undamaged battery cells after the accident. That stranded energy can cause a high voltage battery to reignite multiple times after firefighters a fire.

### How to prevent reignition (Mitigating stranded energy risk)

Use a thermal imaging camera to ensure the high voltage battery is completely cooled before leaving the incident.

Always advise second responders that there is a risk of the battery re-igniting.

1. 12V battery (-) terminal disconnection (To depower battery management system)
2. High voltage shut off  
\*refer to page 7-11
3. Discharging the high voltage battery  
\*refer to page 23-24

## 7. In case of submersion

### 7.1 Submerged or Partially Submerged Vehicles

Some emergency responses can involve a submerged vehicle. IONIQ 5 that is submerged does not have high-voltage components on the vehicle's body or framework. It is safe to touch the vehicle's body or framework if there is no severe damage to the vehicle, whether it is in water or on land.

In the event of the vehicle is submerged or partially submerged, remove the vehicle from the water before attempting to disable the vehicle. Drain the water from the vehicle. Use one of the methods described in page 7-9 to disable the vehicle.

Then, discharge the battery by referring to page 23-24.

#### CAUTION

- *If severe damage causes high voltage components to become exposed, responders should take appropriate precautions and wear appropriate insulated personal protective equipment.*
- *Do not attempt to remove a safety plug while the vehicle is in water.*

Failure to follow these instructions can lead to death or serious injury by electrocution.

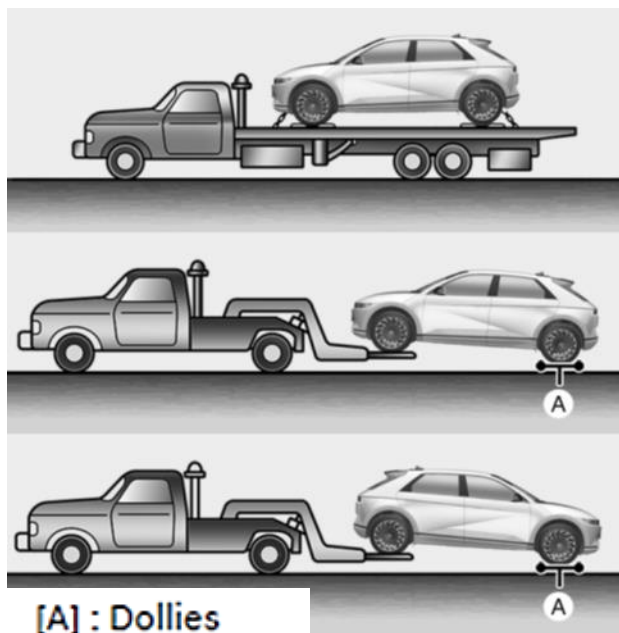
## 8. Towing / Transportation / storage

### 8.1 Towing and Transportation

In the event of an accident, the high voltage system must be disabled. The safety plug must be removed from the high voltage battery according to one of the methods described in page 8-12 to disable the vehicle.

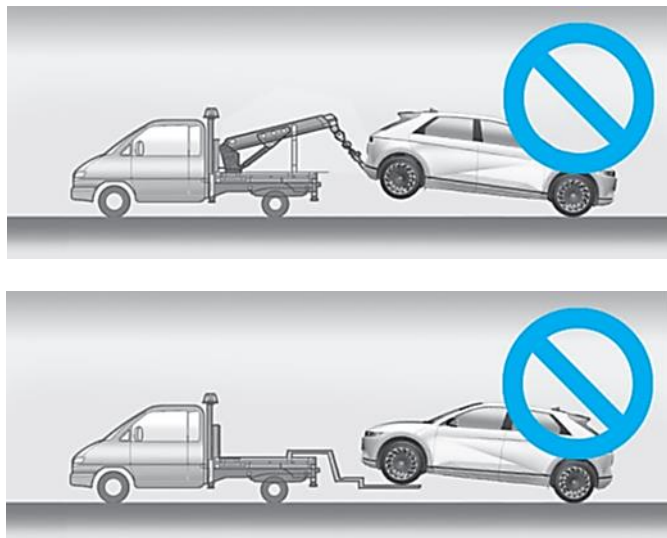
Towing the IONIQ 5 Vehicle is not different from towing a conventional electric vehicle. If emergency towing is necessary, we recommend having it done by an authorized Hyundai dealer or a commercial tow-truck service. Proper lifting and towing procedures are necessary to prevent damage to the vehicle.

The use of wheel dollies or flatbed is recommended.



#### CAUTION

- *Do not tow with sling-type equipment. Use wheel lift or flatbed equipment.*
- *Never tow the vehicle with the front wheels on the ground (forward or backward), as this may cause fire or damage to the motor.*



## 8. Towing / Transportation / storage

### 8.2 Storage of damaged vehicle with the damaged battery

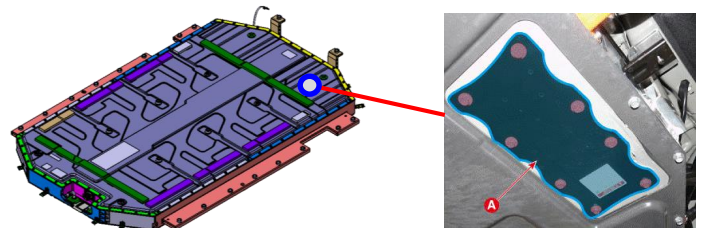
- Drain fluids and water, then disconnect the negative (-) terminal of the 12 V battery before storing a damaged vehicle.
  - In addition, remove the water inside the battery or vehicle, then remove the interlock connector from the high voltage battery before storing a damaged vehicle.
  - Place the vehicle in an open space away from any structure, vehicle, or building.
  - Then, keep on eye on the vehicle until the discharging procedures are completed.
  - If the battery can be removed from the vehicle by moving the vehicle on the lift, remove and discharge the battery.
  - If the battery can't be removed, set the water pool and pouring water until the entire battery is submerged.
- # Water pool condition : 1% salt water
- Maintain this water level for at least 40 hours.
  - Then, drain the water by removing the BMS service cover (A) under side of battery pack.

#### CAUTION

- DO NOT USE SALT WATER FOR THE FIRST STEP.
- A large volume of flammable gas can be generated in salt water due to electrolysis.
- After submerging the vehicle in pure water for at least 90hours, put salt in the water pool.



**Battery discharging**



**BMS ECU service cover (A)**



## 8. Towing / Transportation / storage

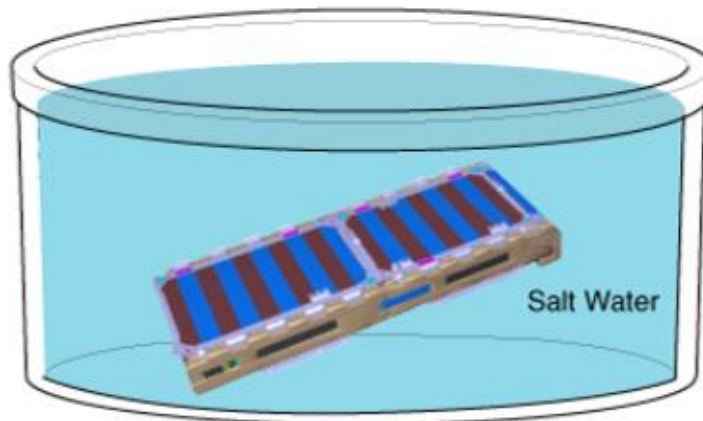
### 8.3 Battery Storage

- To store the damaged battery safely, the battery must be discharged.
- If the battery can be removed from the vehicle, using 1% salt water, discharge the battery.

#### CAUTION

- *Extinguish all smoke, spark, flame around the vehicle.*
- *Electrolyte solution is a skin irritant.*
- *Do not touch or step on the spilled electrolyte.*
- *If electrolyte leak occurs, wear appropriate solvent resistant PPE and use soil, sand, or a dry cloth to clean up the spilled electrolyte. Be sure to adequately ventilate the area.*

- Prepare approx. 1% salt water by pouring salt into the water.
- Leave the battery in water for approx. 40 hours
- Take out the battery from the container and dry it.



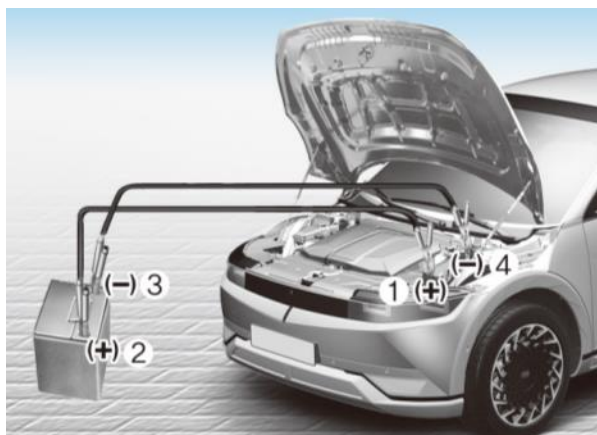
## 9. Important additional information

### 9.1 Emergency Starting

#### Jump Starting

Do not attempt to jump start the high voltage battery, as it cannot be jump started. In case of full discharge of the high voltage battery, the vehicle must be towed as mentioned on the previous page.

In case the 12V auxiliary battery is discharged, connect a starting device to the jump terminal in the motor room as you would any 12V battery (see image). Refer to the “Emergency Starting” section of the Owner’s Manual for additional information. Connect jumper cables in the order shown in the image and disconnect in reverse order.



#### **CAUTION**

*Do not attempt to jump start the IONIQ 5 high voltage battery.*

*Failure to follow these instructions will lead to serious bodily injury or death by electrical shock.*

#### Jump Starting Procedure

1. Make sure the booster battery is 12V and that its negative terminal is grounded.
2. If the booster battery is in another vehicle, do not allow the vehicles to come in contact.
3. Turn off all unnecessary electrical loads.
4. Connect the jumper cables in the exact sequence shown in the illustration.

First connect one end of a jumper cable to the positive terminal of the discharged battery (1), then connect the other end to the positive terminal on the booster battery (2).

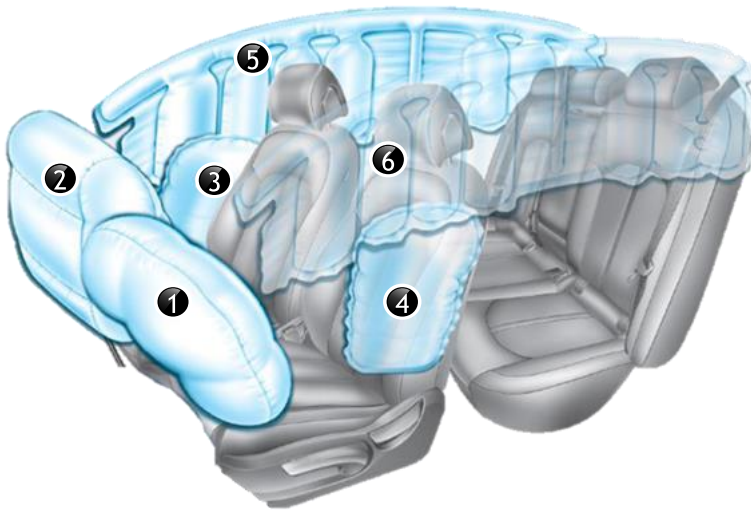
Proceed to connect one end of the other jumper cable to the negative terminal of the booster battery (3), then the other end to a solid, stationary, metallic point away from the fuse box (4).

## 9. Important additional information

### 9.2 Airbag system (SRS: Supplemental Restraint System)

#### Airbag

Six airbags are installed in the IONIQ 5, located in the areas shown in the image below. Before performing any emergency procedure, make sure the vehicle ignition switch is turned off and disconnect the negative connector from the 12V auxiliary battery (located in the left side motor compartment) to prevent accidental deployment of undeployed airbags.



- (1) Passenger front airbag
- (2) Driver front airbag
- (3) Driver Side airbag
- (4) Passenger Side airbag
- (5) Driver Curtain airbag
- (6) Passenger Curtain airbag

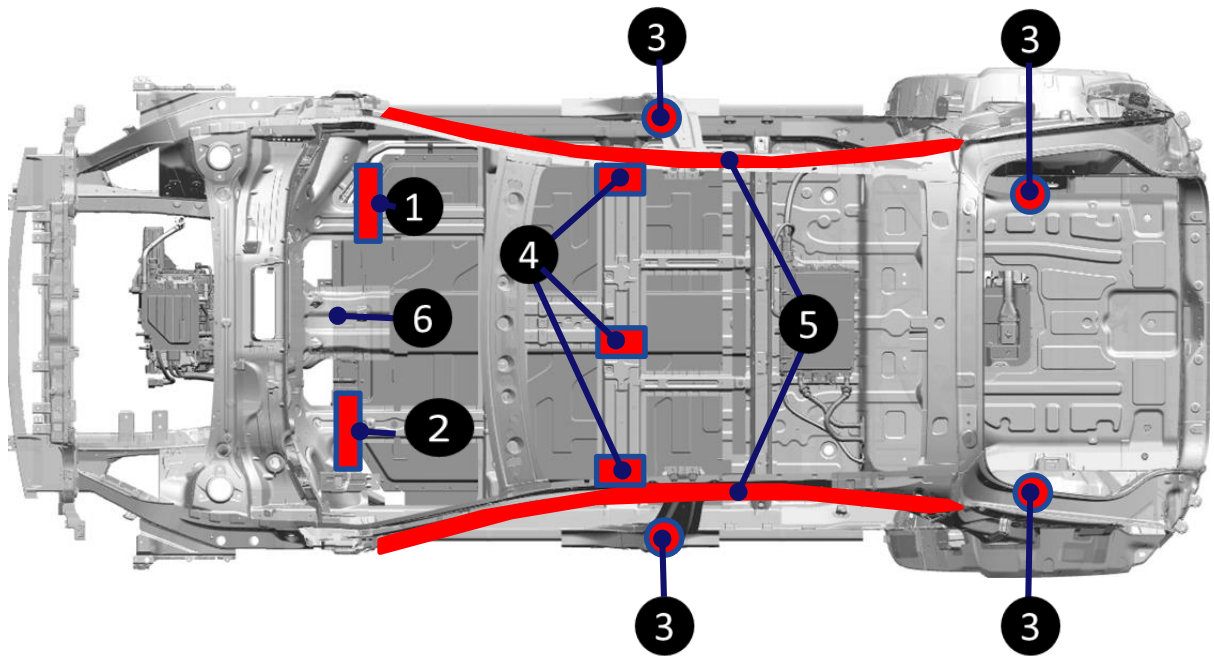
\* The actual air bags and seats in the vehicle may differ from the illustration.

#### Seat Belt Pretensioner

In the IONIQ 5, the driver's and front passenger's seat belts are equipped with pretensioners. When the seat belt pretensioners are activated in a collision, a loud noise may be heard and fine dust, which may appear to be smoke, may be visible in the passenger compartment. These are normal operating conditions and are not hazardous. The seat belt pretensioner assembly mechanisms may become hot during activation and may need several minutes to cool down after they have been activated.

## 9. Important additional information

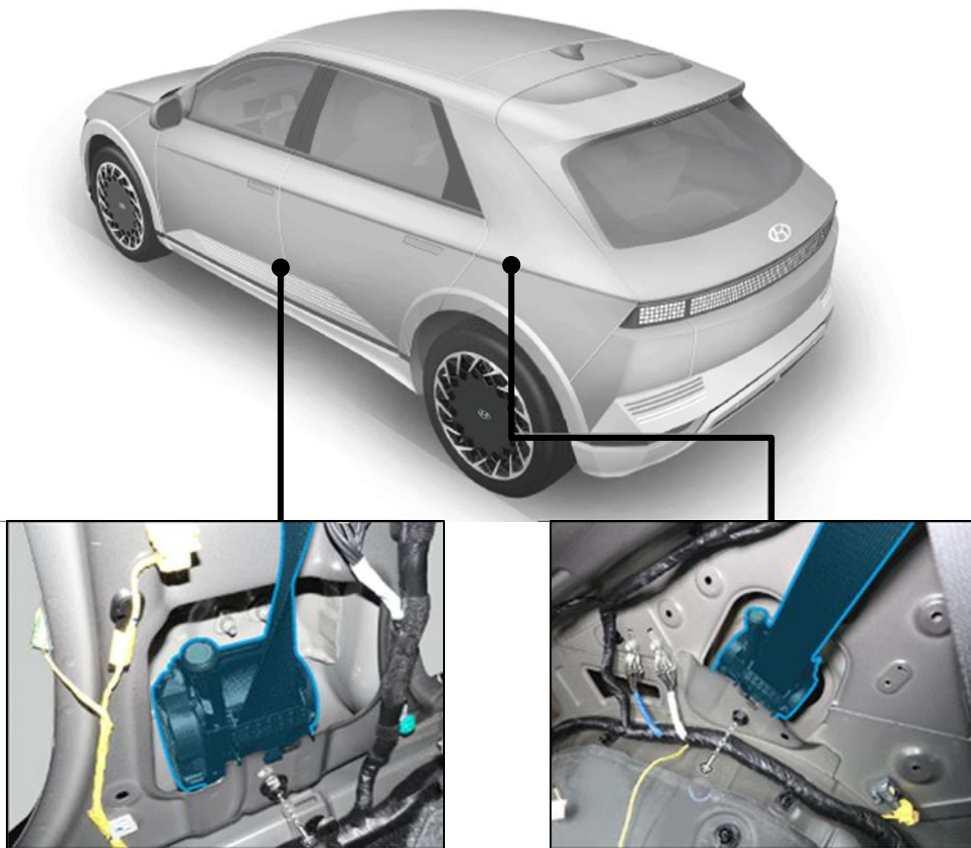
### Airbag system components



1. Driver's front Airbag (DAB)
2. Passenger's front Airbag (PAB)
3. Seat Belt Pretensioner (BPT)
4. Side Airbag (SAB)
5. Curtain Airbag (CAB)
6. Supplemental Restraint System Control Module (SRSCM)

## 9. Important additional information

### Seat belt System



#### **⚠ CAUTION** Undeployed Airbags

*To avoid injuries caused by accidental deployment of undeployed airbags*

- *Do not cut the blue colored part shown in the image above.*
- *Make sure the vehicle ignition switch is turned off, disconnect the negative cable from the 12V auxiliary battery (located in the left side of motor room) and wait 3 minutes or longer to allow the system to deactivate.*

*Failure to follow any of these instructions may result in serious injury or death from accidental deployment of the airbag system.*

**HYUNDAI ROADSIDE**  
**1800 106 306**

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